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NEWSPAPER LAWS.

If subscribers order the discontinuation of newspapers, the publishers may continue to send them until all arrearages are paid.

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1 column	8 00	12 00	20 00	35 00	60 00

One inch makes a square. Administrators and Executors' Notices $2.50. Transient advertisements and locals 10 cents per line for first insertion and 5 cents per line for each additional insertion.

Wooing.

Sunshine over the meadows wide
Where the bees hummed in the clover
And sunshine filling the lily cups
Till every one brimmed over,
Sunshine over the hazy hills,
And over the dimpling river,
And I wished the sun and the summer day
Might shine and last forever.

We turned aside in the river path,
The highway haunts forsaking,
For the quiet of the willowed nooks
Seemed better for our love-making.
My love was silent, and I was shy,
And my thoughts were each a rover,
Of that sweetest of all summer days
That ever the sun shone over.

We heard the birds in the willows green
As they planned their little dwelling,
And what the robin sang to his mate
Was too sweet for my poor words' telling.
It seemed, as we walked down the river bank,
My love and I together,
That at last the world was in perfect tune
In the glad, bright summer weather.

I cannot tell what I said to her,
As we came to the field of clover,
I only know that the robins merrily sang
His sweetest of sweet songs over.
And though I know not the words she said,
For whether she spoke at all,
That day I count among summer days
As the sweetest one of all.

—*Eben E. Rexford in Baldwin's Monthly.*

THE VIGILANTES.

The early history of California and Nevada was filled with tragic deeds. From the spring of 1850 until long after the Washoe excitement, the entire Pacific coast north of Lower California was filled with wild and adventurous spirits, all searching after gold. Every mining camp of any note had its roughs, all well armed, well drilled in the use of weapons, and as reckless of life as any bandit who ever cut a throat. These dare-devils were frequently employed by mining companies to drive off miners and hold mining property, in order to save the trouble of appealing to the courts to adjust their difficulties.

The writer arrived in the wild mining town of Aurora, Nevada, in the spring of 1862, when the "Wide West" and "Real del Monte" mines were at war over supposed valuable mining ground. Each company, acting upon the claim that might makes right, imported from Washoe a lot of the most villainous and reckless roughs to be found in Nevada. After a number of fights between the two factions employed by the Wide West owners on the one side, and the Real del Monte on the other, the adjustment of the disputed ground was finally left to the courts, and the roughs, being thrown out of employment in their legitimate business of throat-cutting, went to work at a trade which, one of them said, would pay better—highway robbery. After robbing a number of persons, four of the worst villains murdered and robbed, in the public streets of Aurora, a kind hearted old man by the name of Johnson, who had fed them in his hotel without receiving any pay. The names of the murderers were Masterson, Daily, Buckley, and Three-fingered Jack. The four assassins, after doing their bloody work, left town at once, and started for Mono Lake, all well mounted, and each heavily armed. The sheriff, Mr. Francis, with about ten picked men well armed, started in hot pursuit. The cut-throats were overtaken the second day out, about twenty miles south of Mono Lake, Inyo county, in the lava beds of that volcanic country. They were surrounded and captured without a shot being fired. Sheriff Francis, one of the bravest and coolest men in Nevada, was asked the next day, when he brought his prisoners in town, heavily ironed:

"How did you do it?"

He answered in his quiet way:

"We had the drop on them. They knew we were thar; and, when we covered 'em with ten Sharp's rifles, I said: 'Boys, throw up your hands,' and they did it quick as lightning. When I was putting the handcuffs on Three-fingered Jack, he laughed and said: 'Francis, old man, you did it mighty quick.'"

The following day a vigilance committee of about seven hundred men was organized, well armed and ready for work. A large, solid scaffold was hastily erected on the sidehill above the jail where the murderers were confined. Promptly at twelve o'clock, on the fourth day after the murder, a little band of about thirty picked men, headed by Captain Palmer, commander of the vigilante forces, with a twelve-pounder loaded with grape and scrap iron, marched down in front of the jail.

Sheriff Francis, cool and deliberate, with about half a dozen picked deputies, each armed with a Sharp's rifle, stood in front of the jail door.

Captain Palmer, as he drew up his little force in front, said, as he raised his hat:

"Sheriff Francis, I demand from you four murderers, whom you hold as prisoners."

"By what authority do you claim these men?" asked Sheriff Francis.

Captain Palmer, in a clear voice which rang out loudly, answered:

"In the name of the vigilantes."

"Then, by the authority in me vested, as sheriff of the county, I refuse to give them up," quietly but firmly answered sheriff Francis.

Captain Palmer deliberately drew his watch from his pocket, and looking steadily at the minute hand, said:

"Mr. Sheriff, I will give you just five minutes to retire from the front of that jail with your deputies; if you stand there one second over the five minutes, I will blow you, your deputies, and the front of the jail to destruction."

He held his watch steadily in one hand, and with the other lighted a fuse and held it over the cannon. For about four minutes it was still as death—not a man on either side moved. Palmer and Francis stood facing each other about ten feet apart; their faces were white as marble, but not a muscle moved. Both men were giants in stature, and brave as lions. But the sacrifice of one of those lives for the four cut-throats was too much, and Francis waved his hand, and his deputies stood one side, and he walked up to Captain Palmer and handed him his rifle. After the sheriff and his deputies were put under guard, the four murderers were taken from their cells and led upon the scaffold.

They were blindfolded, and a noose hastily placed about their necks. Masterson stood on the left, a large, powerful man, about forty years old; next to him, on the right, stood Daily, a man of medium size, about thirty years old, a miserable wretch who stated in jail, just before he was hanged, that he had killed two persons besides Johnson, and one of them was a child. Three-fingered Jack stood on Daily's right; he was a man of small stature about thirty-five years old, dark complexion, and black, piercing eyes. He looked truly the bandit that he was. Buckley stood on the extreme right; he was a small, slender youth, of about twenty years. He asked to have the bandage taken from his eyes. It was done, and he wrote a few words to his mother, and handing it to a friend, said, with a smile to the executioner:

"Now I am ready; you can cut the rope."

Masterson and Buckley died bravely, but Daily and Three-fingered Jack died like cowardly curs. Both attempted suicide on the scaffold. Daily swallowed arsenic, while Three-fingered Jack suddenly drew a derringer pistol from his boot leg, and putting it to his head, drew the trigger. But it snapped. He threw it on the scaffold, and uttered a wild cry, saying:

"I must die like a dog!"

In less than half an hour after the four men were taken from their cells over six hundred men, armed with repeating rifles, surrounded the gallows in close order, to prevent any attempted rescue of the prisoners, as it was said a large force of roughs were coming from Washoe to save the culprits. Captain Palmer gave the signal to the four executioners by waving his sword. At that signal a gun was fired on the opposite hill, and the four murderers were launched into eternity.—*Argonaut.*

A Long Day.

Free from the oppressive dictation of a guide-book, we wandered far into Dalecarlia, Sweden, wherever the picturesqueness of people or landscape led us, regardless of the conventionalities of travel. The long days of midsummer, with no darkness and little twilight, followed one another like a succession of day-dreams, for no arbitrary nature drove us to bed or summoned us to rise. At midnight we were sometimes working on sunset color studies or sitting at the window reading. We started for our day's walk an hour after supper, sleeping when we were sleepy, and eating when we were hungry. How long a man accustomed to a lower latitude could endure the dissipation of this irregular life we did not discover, for our experiment was not long enough to fix the limit of our endurance. For a while, at least, it was an agreeable change, and we looked forward to dark nights with no unpleasant anticipation. There came continually to mind the complaint of the thrifty New England housewife, who, although rising at dawn, and continuing her work by evening candle-light, never thinks her day half long enough for the hundred duties that are crowded into it. But the Dalecarlian farmer doubtless finds his working hours as many as human nature can endure, for he is obliged in this short season to make up for the long and dark winter, when candles are lighted in the middle of the afternoon, and the cattle do not leave the barns for months. The farm-boy hitches up the horses to harrow at ten o'clock in the evening; toward midnight the carts laden with hay rumble along the village streets, and there are sounds of life all night long. Even the birds scarcely know when to cease singing, and their twitter may be heard far into the evening.

WHAT ALL HALF BELIEVE.

The Popular Superstitions that Somehow Keep Alive.

There is something remarkable and not flattering to human sagacity in the tenacity of old superstitions. It is a usual thing for intelligent persons to declare that they are not superstitious, the declaration being coupled with a self-satisfied air that proclaims their belief that they are a notch above their fellows. Yet these same persons like to see the new moon over their right shoulders, and regard the incident with especial satisfaction if they happen to have silver in their pockets. Maybe they are adverse to starting on a journey on a Friday or to beginning an important piece of work on that unlucky day. They will carefully pick up pins if the right end lies toward them and as carefully avoid them if the wrong end is nearest. Other persons who scorn the lucky moon and unlucky Friday superstitions have a peculiar regard for the magical number seven, or any number which may be divided by seven or added so as to form seven. They prefer to live in a house which is numbered seven, with seven steps. If the house is the seventh in the row, and there are seven members in the family, the charm is complete. The seventh hour of the day, the seventh day of the week, the seventh month of the year, are by them regarded as especially lucky. Others have a special aversion to the number thirteen. The finding of buttons is by some considered a lucky omen. Other persons are superstitious as to dreams, and still others as to the wearing of certain charms or amulets to ward off disease. Thus, a horse chestnut in the pocket is considered a safeguard against rheumatism, and a string of peculiar sea-beans will carry a child safely through the diseases incident to teething. Peacock's feathers are unlucky; the howling dog foretells disaster to his master's household, and to pass between the carriages of a funeral procession is a portentous omen. To meet a colored person, a cross-eyed woman or a white horse betokens good or bad luck as the case may be. In fact, the most trifling things in life may be conjured into prophetic symbols.

Perhaps one of the oldest superstitions, and one that smacks somewhat of sorcery, is the belief in the divining rod. This rod, or twig, is thought to enable certain gifted persons to discover certain hidden springs of water. Reliable persons declare that they have seen the rod successfully used in search of water, the twig often turning so quickly in the hand as to break it in two. What seems remarkable is that the rod never turns except where the water is concealed. There have been many attempts to explain this mystery. Some believers claim that the wand is inspired, others that the rod is only an index, and that the physical sensations of the searcher communicate themselves to the wand. The most sensible solution is that of Paramelle, who wrote on methods for discovering wells. He concluded that the wand turns in the hands of certain individuals of peculiar temperament, and that it is very much a matter of chance whether there are or are not wells in the places where it turns. The twig was also used in ancient times to point out where stolen goods were concealed, to answer questions a la planchette, and to indicate crimes and criminals. A Bible suspended like a pendulum has been thought in some parts of rural England to serve the same purpose. The credulous say that the wide distribution of these and other popular superstitions is proof that there is something in them. In the meantime houses go on being haunted; ghosts continue to appear; tables to tip; chairs to move without the aid of visible hands, and the periodical resurrection of half-forgotten bodies is unceasing, notwithstanding the declaration of the average nineteenth century man and woman that they at least are not superstitious.

Hardwood Lumber.

The *Prairie Farmer* calls attention to the fact that several kinds of hardwood lumber are gradually coming into use, which a few years ago were unnoticed. Beech is one of them. It is cheap and abundant, while the more popular hardwoods are becoming comparatively scarce and consequently high-priced. Beech has a fine grain, is quite durable, and is used in the manufacture of school and church furniture, chairs, and to a certain extent in furniture. The red variety has a handsome appearance, and can be made to imitate cherry.

CROSSING THE ISTHMUS.

The Dirtiest Town on the Continent—A Trip on the Panama Railroad—Work on the Canal.

"Three days of the Caribbean sea," writes a correspondent, "and the next sunrise reveals the dark green mountain range of the isthmus, and a few hours later the engines give their last throb beside the dock at Aspinwall. A few years ago the place had 800 population; it now claims ten times that number. The great canal has given it a wonderful impetus. The French are there by the thousand, and other nationalities are drifting in for the benefit of trade and barter. Buildings are springing up at every hand and rent at fabulous prices. Residents admit that it is the dirtiest town on the Western continent. The stranger's first impression is that it would be a good thing to turn the hose on it—and on a very large percentage of the people, too. The better classes live in a suburban section, known as the 'Beach road.' This runs beside the shore, and the houses, whitewashed and of a light frame construction, face upon it. Their inmates see little of the filth and degration of the town, and certainly need not wish to. An English resident said: 'Oh, this isn't a very bad place, you know. There are not many deaths among the whites.' This statement may be true, yet it is not surprising. No respectable person would care to die in Aspinwall if he could get any other place on the face of this earth to make his start into eternity.

"The Panama railroad runs southeast forty-seven miles, from Aspinwall to Panama, winding among hills, with some appalling curves. It wrecks a freight train or two daily, and it has a ticket system which wrecks the mind and reasoning faculties of the stranger In God's country (otherwise known as the United States) your fare is cheaper if you take a through ticket. Here they charge $25 for a through ticket for forty-seven miles—that is, if you are a stranger. But if you are a resident, and it makes no difference whether you go to-day or next year, you can secure a ticket for about $10 Even this figure may be bettered. A gentleman who came down on a steamer, and was conversant with the peculiarities of this most peculiar ticket system purchased a ticket for a part of the distance for $3. He left the train at the midway station to attend to a business matter, and the following day paid only $2 for the remaining distance. The scenery along the road is attractive. The operators along the canal are in view at many points from the car windows for the route of the canal traverses very closely the line of the railroad. The dredging machines are deepening the Chagres river, which will be utilized for a considerable distance. The landscape is dotted with the white stakes placed by the surveying parties. Gangs of workmen are eating into a hillside at one point; at another filling up a gulch. A conductor pointed out a spot where there are to be forty-two acres of filling to a height of from thirty to sixty feet. It seems an anomaly to run a canal on the top of an embankment, but it will be not an uncommon thing on many parts of the line. From the train there is a panorama of beautiful tropical scenery. The foliage is luxuriant, and strange trees and flowering shrubs meet the eye everywhere. The cocoanut palm, the orange, lemon, pineapple, banana and similar growths become familiar sights. Beside the road are frequent groups of native huts of a single story, earthern floors, and roofs thatched with palm leaves. The natives, of mixed Indian and negro blood, are of a brown hue, and rather undersized. Their clothing is in the interest of economy. The men are satisfied with white cotton shirts and breeches and broad straw hat. The women find most comfort in a single white cotton garment, always in imminent danger of falling clear to the ground from the shoulders, which are not half covered. With the little children this danger is often a reality. Industry does not burden any of these people. A day's labor furnishes for a week such simple food as they require beyond what nature yields them free of charge."

Rustic New England in Old England

While in England I caught a man in Windsor Forest who spoke to me in the intonations of rustic New England. He was simply of the old stock, and was speaking in the old tongue they brought over with them to Boston. It is going home to the old nest it is finding the old steadfast human heart and life; it is face matching face and eye matching eye and footstep matching footstep across the gulf of 200 years. For we all go home who cross the sea and find out afresh how one day may be to us also as a thousand years, and a thousand years as one day, so deep and sure are the roots of this grand old life of the English-speaking race.—*Robert Collyer.*

HOW CHINA'S EMPEROR LIVES.

The Boy Who Is Honored as a Superior Being, and His Home.

The ruler of the 250,000,000 people of which the Chinese nation probably consists is now within five years of his majority (the age of eighteen years), and is an occupant, while yet a minor, of the same apartments in which lived the emperor who preceded him on the Dragon throne. There, says the North China *Herald*, he eats with gold-tipped chopsticks of ivory. There he sleeps on a large Ningpo bedstead, richly carved and ornamented with ivory and gold—the same on which the noble-minded emperors Kang Hsi and Chien Lung used to recline after the day's fatigue last century and the century before.

Like one of those living Buddhas who may be seen in a lamasery on the Mongolian plateau, he is knelt to by all his attendants and honored as a god. The seclusion in which he is kept is far more complete than that of the gods. The building in which the emperor resides is called Yang Hsin Tien, and is a little to the west of the Ch'ien Ch'ing Meu in the middle of the palace. At the back of the central gate, on the south side, is the great reception hall. When ministers of state and others enter for audience, at four, five or six in the morning, according to custom, they have to go on foot to the centre of the palace over half a mile, if they enter by the east or west gate; and when they get on in years they can appreciate the emperor's favor, which then by a decree allows them to be borne in a chair instead of walking.

The rooms of the emperor consist of seven compartments. They are provided with the divan or k'ang, the peculiar institution of north China. The k'angs are covered with red felt of native manufacture, and the floor with European carpets. The cushions all have embroidered on them the dragon and the phœnix. Pretty things scattered through the rooms are endless in variety, and are changed in accordance with any wish expressed by the emperor.

The rooms are in all thirty yards long by from eight to nine yards deep, and are divided into three separate apartments, the throne room being the middle one. Folding doors ten feet in height open into each of these apartments to the north and south in the centre of each. The upper part of these doors is in open work in which various auspicious characters and flowers are carved. These doors remain open even in winter, because during that season a thick embroidered curtain of damask is hung in the doorway which by its weight keeps its place close to the door-posts and prevents cold air from entering.

In summer this is replaced by a curtain admitting the breeze on account of being made of very thin strips of bamboo. The silk threads used in sewing the strips of bamboo together are of various colors, and passing through the whole texture of the curtain from top to bottom are very agreeable to the eye. These summer and winter curtains are rolled up to give air to the rooms when required. The Hoppo who lately returned from Canton gave the emperor a present valued at $8000. It consisted of chandeliers holding 500 wax candles each. His majesty had also some electrical machines and numberless foreign curiosities.

The emperor was vaccinated when an infant, before his high destiny was thought of, otherwise it would have been difficult to vaccinate him, for, his person being sacred when emperor, no lancet can touch him. His mother, the Princess of Ch'un, goes in to see him once a month and kneels when she first speaks to him, but rises afterwards. His father does so too. The emperor studies Chinese daily for an hour and a half, and Manchu also for an hour and a half. He spends two hours in archery and riding and in in winter amuses himself with sledging. He has a little brother of five, whom it may be hoped the mother takes with her when she goes to the palace. The teachers who instruct him kneel to him on entering, but afterwards sit. The emperor has eight eunuchs, who constantly attend him, besides an indefinite number for special occasions. He has his meals alone and the eight eunuchs wait round him, restraining him if he takes too much of any one thing. His school-room is at the back of the Yang Hsin Tien, already described, and the hall for conference each morning with ministers is a little to the east.

Food of Animals.

Linnaeus states the cow to eat 276 plants and to refuse 218; the goat eats 449 and declines 126; the sheep takes 387 and rejects 141; the horse takes 262 and avoids 212; but the hog, more nice in its provision than any of the former eats but 72 plants, and rejects 171.

PEARLS OF THOUGHT.

Enjoy what you have, hope for what you lack.

Man has destiny beyond the attainment of mere wealth.

The cause of our grandeur may become that of our ruin.

It is not the money earned, but what he saves, that makes a man wealthy.

Flattery is false money, which would not be current were it not for our vanity.

Honesty is inseparable from the character of a thoroughbred gentleman.

Good is never more effectually performed than when it is produced by slow degrees.

Beauty in women is like the flowers in the spring, but virtue is like the stars of heaven.

The prodigal robs his heir, the miser robs himself. The middle way is, justice to ourselves and others.

Give to a wounded heart seclusion. Neither consolation or reason ever effect anything in such a case.

The time for debate is when we have become masters, not while we are students, and the wisest of masters are those who debate least.

What man is there whom contact with a great soul will not exalt? A drop of water upon the petal of a lotus glistens with the splendor of the pearl

Wrong-doing is a road that may open fair, but it leads to trouble and danger. Well-doing, however rough and thorny at first, surely leads to pleasant places.

In His Element.

They met on the crowded avenue in front of the city hall. One was a young man of about twenty-two, the other a man about sixty years old. One lives in the northern part of the state, the other in the southern. Fate had brought them together. There was nothing cordial in their meeting. They didn't cry out "Put it thar!" and pump-handle each other like a couple of old friends. On the contrary, the young man grew red in the face and breathed hard and stammered out:

"Ten years ago I went to school to you!"

"Yes, you did!" was the calm reply.

"And one day you licked me almost to death for an offence committed by another boy!"

"Well, you were always in need of a licking."

"And I swore," continued the young man, "aye, I registered a vow, that if ever I met you after I had grown up I would have my revenge! Prepare to be pounded to a lifeless mass!"

"I'm prepared," replied the old schoolmaster, as he spit on his hands, and in a minute the fun was raging. The young man rushed upon him with a war-whoop, but his nose struck something and he fell down. He got up and rushed again, and this time he was flung down, rolled over, stepped on and left with a number of loose teeth and a splitting headache. The police took him in, but when they came to hunt for the old man he was across the street trying to pin up a rent in his coat and saying to some of his friends:

"Ah! it brings back all the memories of the old red school-house to get my hands on an unruly pupil in the first reader class again!"

Good Manners at Home.

The following twelve rules for the preservation of good manners at home are worth memorizing:

Bang every door in the house, and raise a hinge every time you can; it's so pleasant to those about you.

Stamp, jump and run all over the house and split everybody's ears with a cat like yawp every time you can gather sufficient wind.

If you desire the presence of those in the next room, yell at them. Don't go to them quietly, it might surprise them.

Never speak kindly to anybody. They might not recognize your voice.

When told not to do a thing, see to it that you disobey. It will make people think you are smart and impress them with your importance.

Tell of your inimitable cuteness and deeds of goodness and valor, recite the faults of others.

Never enter a house with boots or shoes free from mud or snow.

Never get to the dinner table until the eleventh hour. It makes the servants love you when you are gone.

Always go to the table with your hair disheveled and your hands dirty.

Always chip in conversation where you have no business. It looks big in the eyes of fools.

Reserve your good manners for strangers, and give your friends chin music.

Make a confident of every idle ear, and give your mother the shake.

A Baby's Death.

The little hand that never sought
Earth's prizes, worthless all as sands,
What gift has death, God's servant brought
The little hands?

We ask; but love self-silent stands,
Love, that lend eyes and wings to thought
To search where death's dim heaven expands.

Ere this perchance, though love know naught,
Flowers fill them, grown in lovelier lands,
Where hands of guiding angels caught
The little hands.

—*Swinburne.*

HUMOROUS.

When the head of the family accidentally backs into a tub of hot water he can be said to be pa-boiled.

It must not be supposed that the members of a brass band are all truth-tellers because they have no lyres.

Mary had a little bang,
Its color was immense;
Now Mary's heart is truly sad,
For bangs are on the fence.

The young men who are on the lookout for a "soft place," through dislike for honest, hard work, can find one—under their hats.

One of the saddest sights in these hard times is to see a woman with a five-foot husband trying to alter his pants to fit her six-foot son.

"Pa, what is a fool?" "A fool, my son, is a man who tickles the hind leg of a mule." "Does he ever find it out, pa?" "No, my son; he never has time."

A bright girl, born and raised in Virginia, saw a church covered with vines, and remarked: "That's what I used to be." "What's that?" inquired her obtuse escort. "A Virginia creeper, of course."

"I tell you," said the bad boy, confidently, to a group of youthful friends, "my mother may seem small—don't believe she'd weigh more than I do, in her stocking feet—but her slipper is heavy, though, you bet!"

"'Tis ever the way of the foolish fair to die for the one who does not care," sings Ella Wheeler. Yes, Ella and it is often the same way with the big brothers of the foolish fair. Week after week they go down to the barber shop and "dye for the one that does not care." Such is life.

A bright little girl was sent to get some eggs, and on her way back stumbled and fell, making sad havoc with the contents of her basket. "Won't you catch it when you get home, though!" exclaimed her companion. "No, indeed, I won't," she answered. "I have got a grandmother."

Young lady (just from boarding school, at dinner table)—"Please, papa, I'd like a leg of the roast chicken." Papa—"You have had one, my dear, and your brother had the other." Young lady (in a sprightly manner)—"Oh, sure enough! a chicken has only two legs. It's a duck that has four."

Infamous Hoaxes.

Hoaxes as a rule are hateful things which exhibit maliciousness rather than the intellect of their perpetrators. A writer in a recent magazine mentions two conspicuous for their malignity:

A young couple about to be married at the synagogue in Birmingham were startled by the delivery of a telegram from London running:

"Stop marriage at once. His wife and children have arrived in London, and will come on to Birmingham."

The bride fainted; the bridegroom protested against being summarily provided with a wife and family, but had to make the best of his way, a single man still, through an exasperated crowd, full of sympathy for the wronged girl. Her friends found upon inquiry that they had been duped—probably by a revengeful rival of the man whose happiness had been so unexpectedly deferred.

A more curious and more malignant hoax—for the perpetration of which the author, if discovered, would have been branded with infamy—was practiced, apparently "for the fun of the thing," upon a Parisian lady whose husband had gone to China on business. One day she received a letter, dated from Old China street, Canton.

"Madame," said the writer, "I have to announce a mournful event. Your husband, taken prisoner by Malay pirates, has been burned alive and his bones calcined to powder. I have been able to procure but a few pinches of this powder, which I enclose."

As she opened the box, a strange idea came into the head of the distracted widow; and sending for some snuff, she mixed the powder with it, piously determined to inhale all that remained of her lost spouse. The first pinch, however, brought on such violent bleeding, that a doctor had to be called in; but the lady died in a few hours, shortly before the arrival of a letter from her husband, proving that the story of his capture and calcination was the cruel invention of some unknown enemy.

The Millheim Journal.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 25., 1883.

BY DEININGER & BUMILLER.

Church & Sunday School Directory.

Evangelical.

Revs. B. Hengst and H. A. Benfer, Preach's

Rev. B. Hengst will preach next Sunday evening.

Sunday School, 1½ P. M.—D. L. ZERBY, Supt.

Missionary Society meets on the third Monday evening of each month.

Methodist.

Rev. Furmen Adams Preacher-in-charge.

Sunday School at 10½ A. M.—D. A Musser, Sup't

Reformed.

Rev. Zwingli A. Yearick, Pastor.

Preaching in Aaronsburg next Sunday evening.

Mite society meets regularly on the first Tuesday evening of each month.

United Brethren.

Rev. J. G. W. Herald, Preacher-in-charge.

Regular services next Sunday morning.

Sunday School, 9 A. M.—A. R. Alexander, Supt

Lutheran.

Rev. John Tomlinson, Pastor.—

Preaching in Aaronsburg next Sunday evening.

Sunday School at 9 A.M. B. O. Deininger, Supt.

The Augsburg Bible Class meets every Thursday evening at 7 o'clock.

Ladies' Mite Society meets on the first Monday evening of each month.

Presbyterian.

Rev. W. K. Foster, Pastor.

Lodge & Society Directory.

Millheim Lodge, No. 955, I. O. O. F. meets in their hall, Penn Street, every Saturday evening.

Rebecca Degree Meeting every Thursday on or before the full moon of each month.

C. W. HARTMAN, Sec. E. W. MAUCK, N. G.

Providence Grange, No. 217 P. of H., meets in Alexander's block on the second Saturday of each month at 1½ P. M., and on the fourth Saturday of each month at 1½ P. M.

D. L. ZERBY, Sec. T. G. EBHARD, Master.

The Millheim B. & L. Association meets in the Penn street school house on the evening of the second Monday of each month.

A. WALTER, Sec. B. O. DEININGER, Prest.

The Millheim Cornet Band meets in the Town Hall on Monday and Thursday evenings.

J. H. B. HARTMAN, Sec. SAM. WEISER, JR, Pres.

Centre County Democratic Committee for 1883.

DISTRICT.		NAME.	P. O. ADDRESS.
Bellefonte	N. W.	J. M. Keichline,	Bellefonte
"	S. W.	Chas Smith,	"
"	W. W.	S. A. McQuistion,	"
Howard	boro.	Ira C. Leathers,	Howard
Milesburg	"	James P. Jones,	Milesburg
Millheim	"	F. P. Musser,	Millheim
Philipsburg	1 W.	C. G. Herlinger,	Philipsburg
"	2 W.	Sol Schmidt,	"
"	3 W.	A. V. Carpenter,	"
Unionville	boro.	P. J. McDonald,	Fleming
Benner	twp.	Wm. Ishler,	Pellefonte
Boggs	"	Frank F. Adams,	Milesburg
Burnside	"	Henry Meeker,	Pine Glenn
College	"	John Roop,	Lemont
Curtin	"	John McCloskey,	Roland
Ferguson	O. P.	J. T. McCormick,	Stae College
"	N. P.	L. W. Walker,	Rock Springs
Gregg	S. P.	John Coldron	Spring Mills
"	N. P.	Wm. Luce,	Farmers' Mills
Haines	E. P.	I. B. Stover,	Woodward
"	W. P.	Geo. Bower,	Aaronsburg
Half Moon	twp.	J. H. Griffith,	Stormstown
Harris	"	D. W. Meyer,	Boalsburg
Howard	"	John Glenn,	Howard
Huston	"	John L. Miles,	Julian
Liberty	"	James P. Leiun	Blanchard
Marion	"	J. J. Hoy,	Walker
Miles	"	Ellis Shafer,	Madisonburg
Patton	"	Agnew Sellers, Jr	Filmore
Penn	"	P. H. Stover,	Coburn
Potter	N. P.	D. J. Meyer,	Centre Hall
"	S. P.	Samuel Saek	Tusseyville
Rush	N. P.	William Cullen,	Philipsburg
"	S. P.	J. T. Everly,	Sandy Ridge
Snow Shoe	twp.	Wm. R. Haynes,	Snow Shoe
Spring	"	E. C. Wood,	Bellefonte
Taylor	"	Hepburn Blowers,	Fowler
Union	"	S. K. Emerick,	Fleming
Walker	"	Jos. Emerick,	Bubersburg
Worth	"	M. S. Spotts,	Port Matilda

WM. C. HEINLE, Chairman.

W. MILES WALKER, Secretary.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

FOR AUDITOR GENERAL,
COL. ROBERT TAGGART,
OF WARREN COUNTY.

FOR STATE TREASURER.
HON. JOSEPH POWELL,
OF BRADFORD COUNTY.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY TICKET.

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY,
W. C. Heinle,
OF BELLEFONTE.

FOR ASSOCIATE JUDGE,
Dr. J. R. Smith,
OF FERGUSON TOWNSHIP.

FOR COUNTY SURVEYOR,
Ellis L. Orvis,
OF BELLEFONTE.

EX-SENATOR CONKLING and Judge Davis express the opinion that the democrats will elect the next President of the United States. There are lots of fellows in these parts who are neither senators nor judges that think the same thing and are not at all backward to express it either.

Deceiving Voters.

An act of assembly approved June 13, 1883, provides that any person who "shall furnish or supply to any elector "of this commonwealth, at any of the "polls or voting places any ticket falsely representing it to contain names "not thereon shall pay a fine not to "exceed one hundred dollars, or undergo imprisonment not to exceed one "year, or both or either at the discretion "of the court."

This law is intended to put a stop to the deceptions practiced on ignorant or unwary voters. It is a measure that will operate for good if it is properly enforced. The "best workers in the ward" will please take notice. Those who trust the preparation of their tickets to others should understand that if any fraud is practiced upon them there is now a remedy at law for the wrong.

The Democratic Campaign.

The result of the election in Ohio has given a wonderful impulse to the Democratic campaign in this state. While the Republicans are depressed and panicky and have dispatched for Chris. Magee to hurry home from Oregon and save his candidate for state treasurer, at any cost, the Democrats are organizing everywhere for a winning fight. Their voters are registered, their taxes paid, and their workers are imbued with new zeal and encouragement to get out the vote.

THE election in Pennsylvania takes place on Tuesday, November the 6th, and the example of Ohio should rouse every Democrat in the state to give that whole day to the cause of his party and country.

IN speaking of the issues and lessons taught by the state elections this fall the Philadelphia *Times* rather adroitly foreshadows the election of a democratic President in 1884. The *Times* says:

The conviction that the election of an honest, conservative, patriotic Democratic President would purify and elevate the standard of our national government, is not now confined exclusively to men of Democratic faith, and the republicans may not advance their cause by making the national issue paramount. They may as well accept it, however, and test it now, as it will obtrude itself and make the test whether invited or forbidden. If Pennsylvania shall vote Democratic in two consecutive elections, whether on State or national issues, it will be an almost unerring indication of the election of a Democratic President in 1884.

They Left.

MAUCH CHUNCK, October 18.—At the grand republican mass meeting extensively advertised for last night at the Mauch Chunck the court house bell rang several times, but no semblance of a meeting gathered and it was given up and the lights put out at 8.30 p. m. Livsey and Niles left on the 7.45 down train this morning intensely disgusted with the political outlook in the Switzerland of America.

What a Vote for Powell Will Do.

From the Reading News.

A vote for the democratic candidates, Taggart and Powell, will be a vote for men of high character and strict integrity who know no boss, for men who will enforce the Humes act. It will be a vote for the continuation of the economical administration of public affairs which Governor Pattison inaugurated, and such a vote will serve to condemn the desperate and revolutionary policy the republicans in the legislature are pursuing under the lead of Boss Cooper.

Randall Invaluable to the Democracy.

From the Nashville American, Dem.

At this time Mr. Randall is simply invaluable to the Democracy. He possesses qualifications which are combined in no other prominent leader. As a Speaker he has never had a superior and his official record is as free from blemish as his private character. Bold and fearless as a leader on the floor, he is strictly impartial as a presiding officer. His knowledge of parlamentary law and his promptness of decision have chalienged the admiration of friend and foe. The Democratic party cannot afford to have him thrust aside to make place for a less efficient man. Now more than ever do they need in the Speaker's chair his great brain, his wide experience, his ready tact, his firmness of purpose and his courage to do that which is right, regardless of the clamors of the lobby or the abuses of partisan extremeists.

AMONG the many different opinions and comments on the decision of the United States Supreme Court against the constitutionality of the Civil Rights Law, those of the Philadelphia *Times*, given below, are among the best, most sensible and most dispassionate:

The decision of the Supreme Court of the United States which was rendered yesterday declaring the first and second sections of the civil rights bill unconstitutional will prove a surprise to many and will doubtless be regarded by the colored people as a severe blow to their hopes of rapid advancement. The decision was rendered upon five different cases brought up from the District Courts of California, Kansas, Tennessee, Missouri and New York and involved the right of colored persons to equal accommondations with white persons in hotels, ladies' cars on railway trains and the parquet and family circle in theatres. The Court decides that the legislation was not justifiied by the fourteenth amendment, which was only intended to restrain the States from unfriendly legislation on the subject, but did not authorize Congress to legislate upon directly. In other words, the complainants must seek their remedy in the State Courts and not in the United States Courts. While the colored people will undoubtedly feel that the decision is unfriendly to them in the highest degree, the fact that the Court is almost entirely composed of Republicans and that but one Judge dissented from the opinion must be accepted by the colored people as conclusive evidence that the decision was not instigated by prejudice against their race. Coming at this late day, when the power of the colored people is being more fully recognized and their votes courted by all political parties in the South, the decision will have really much less effect for evil upon their prospects than if rendered several years ago. That the race prejudice will act to their annoyance and detriment to a certain extent under the terms of this decision is not to be doubted, but the increasing intelligence and self-respect which results from education and the accumulation of wealth will gradually wear out the unjust restrictions laid upon them by the selfishness and prejudice of their white fellow-citizens.

AN IMPORTANT DECISION.

THE CIVIL RIGHTS BILL.

Declared Unconstitutional, so far as it Relates to the States, by the Supreme Court.

WASHINGTON, October 15.

A decision was rendered by the Supreme Court of the United States to-day in five civil rights cases based on the act of March 1, 1875. They are respectively prosecutions under the act for not admitting certain colored persons to equal accommodations and privileges in inns or hotels, in railroad cars and in theatres. The Court holds that Congress had no constitutional authority to pass the sections in question under either the thirteenth or fourteenth amendment of the Constitution. The decision, however, is held to apply only to the validity of the law in the States and not in the Territories or the District of Columbia, where the legislative power of Congress is unlimited. So far as the States are concerned the two sections of the law above referred to are declared unconstitutional and void. Justice Bradley rendered the opinion, Justice Harlan dissenting.

The Ready Reference Tax Receipt Book, with Summary Index Arranged for Ten Years. By a Country Editor.

THE READY REFERENCE TAX RECEIPT BOOK will commend itself to practical business men at sight. Its forms are so concise and plain that all may readily understand and use them. The Summary Index will show at a glance the increase or decrease of assessed valuation and taxes from year to year for a period of ten years.

Every taxable citizen, and especially every voter, should make it a rule to take receipts for all taxes paid. This is not only prudent on business principles, but actually necessary in order to enjoy the continued right to vote. It is also a matter of no small consideration to have all tax receipts for a series of years together in convenient form for reference and comparison.

For sale at the JOURNAL STORE and by the trade generally. Price 40 cents.

TESTIMONIALS.

We recently received from Editor B. O. Deininger of the Millheim Journal, a copy of the "Ready Reference Tax Receipt Book," which is quite a handy work for the purpose. It is arranged for ten year's use. It will no doubt meet with a ready sale.—*Lewisburg Journal*, Aug. 22. 1883.

We are indebted to B. O. Deininger, of the Millheim *Journal*, for a copy of the Ready Reference Tax Receipt Book. A little book published by Mr. Deminger, having receipts sufficient to last ten years. There is also a summary index showing the valuation for each year. The book is just the thing for all classes of people and particulary for real estate owners. Buy it, and you will have your tax receipts all together and in good shape.—*Bellefonte Democrat*, Aug. 23. 1883.

Mr. B. O. Deininger, of the Millheim *Journal*, has our thanks for a copy of the "Ready Reference Tax Receipt Book." It is very convenient and will likely soon be generally used by tax collectors.—*Lewisburg Saturday News*, Aug. 25. 1883.

Mr. B. O. Deininger, editor of the Millheim *Journal*, has sent us a copy of his Ready Reference Tax-Receipt Book. It is the most complete and simple arrangement for preserving tax receipts we have ever seen, and its "Summary Index," which will show at a glance the amount of tax levied against the owners of property for the ten consecutive years, for which the work is arranged, is a matter that every orderly tax-payer will appreciate. Its cost is but a trifle, and the satisfaction of having your receipts in a way that you can refer to them in a moment, is worth ten times the expense of the book.—*Bellefonte Watchman*, Aug. 31, 1883

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Letters testamentary on the estate of Samuel Krape, late of Penn township, Centre county, Pa., deceased, having been granted to the subscriber, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are hereby requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims to present them duly proven for settlement.

AARON W. ULRICH.

Penn twp., Oct. 25th, 1883. 6t

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.—By virtue of an order issued by the Orphans' Court of Centre county, the subscriber, administrator of the estate of Thomas Wolf, late of Miles township, Centre county, Pa., deceased, will offer at public sale, on the premises, at Wolfe's Store, on

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 22ND, 1883,

The following described valuable REAL ESTATE, viz:

No. 1. All those several tracts or pieces of land situate in Miles township, Centre Co., Pa., and bounded and described as follows: One thereof bounded on the east by lands of Henry Wolfe, Em'l Geiswite and others, south by lands of John Stoner, west by lands of Reuben Kreamer and others, and north by lands of Daniel Wolfe, containing 23 acres, more or less, thereon erected two dwelling houses, store house, ware house, stables and other outbuildings.

No. 2. All the right, title and interest in and to all that certain tract of land situate in Miles township, aforesaid, adjoining land of Benjamin Beck, George Weaver, Moyer and Strohecker and Henry Corman, containing 29 acres and 107 perches.

No. 3. All that certain tract of land situate in Miles township, aforesaid, adjoining lands of the late Jacob Wolf and John Scholl, containing 10 acres and 5 perches and allowance.

No. 4. All the right, title and interest in that certain tract of land, situate in Miles township, aforesaid, bounded by lands of George Brungard, Michael Bower, —— DeLong and Martin Rudy, containing 136 acres, more or less.

TERMS: One third of purchase money on confirmation of sale, one third in one year and the balance in one year thereafter. Deferred payments to bear interest from confirmation of sale, and to be secured by bond and mortgage on the premises.

Sale to begin at 1 o'clock, P. M., sharp.

J. R. WOLFE, Administrator.

ts

DISSOLUTION.—The subscribers have dissolved partnership by mutual consent. The books and accounts are left in the hands of D. A. Musser for settlement and collection, with whom all persons having unsettled accounts are requested to call without delay.

J. P GEPHART, D. A. MUSSER.

Millheim, Oct. 11th, 1883. 3t

Lewisburg and Tyrone Railroad Time Table.

LEAVE WESTWARD.

	1 A. M.	3 A. M.	5 P. M.	7 P. M.	9 P. M.
Montandon	7 05	9.40	2.05	6.00	7.55
Lewisburg	7.25	10 05	2.20		
Fair Ground	7 30	10.13	2.25		
Biehl	7.40	10.27	2.35		
Vicksburg	7.45	10.36	2.40		
Mifflinburg	8.00 ar	11.00 ar	2.55 le.	3 05	
Millmont	8.22		3.28		
Laurelton	8.33		3.40		
Wiker Run	8.57		4.06		
Cherry Run	9.15		4.25		
Fowler	9.35		4.47		
Coburn	9.48		5.06		
Spring Mills	ar 10.15		ar. 5.30		

LEAVE EASTWARD.

	2 A. M.	4 A. M.	6	8 P. M.	10
Spring Mills		5.50		1.50	
Coburn		6 18		2.20	
Fowler		6.28		2.33	
Cherry Run		6.48		2.55	
Wiker Run		7.05		3.15	
Laurelton		7.30		3.40	
Millmont		7.40		3.52	
				A. M.	
Mifflinburg		8.00		11.45	4.15
				P. M.	
Vicksburg		8.15		12.10	4.32
Biehl		8.20		12.17	4.38
Fair Ground	A. M.	8.30		12.33	4.48 P. M.
Lewisburg	6.35	8.45		12.50	5.10 7.30
Montandon	ar. 6.45	ar. 9.00	ar	1.05	ar. 5.20 ar 7.40

Nos. 1 and 2 connect at Montandon with Erie Mail West; 3 and 4 with Sea Shore Express East; 5 and 6 with Day Express and Niagara Express West; 7 and 8 with Fast Line West; 9 and 10 with Williamsport Accommodation East.

Space reserved for the new advertisement of

BUNNELL & AIKENS' BELLEFONTE

MUSIC STORE.

SMITH'S GERMAN OLIO!

The Great German Remedy
—FOR—
RHEUMATISM,
Neuralgia, Dyspepsia, and all Diseases of the Stomach, Bowels, Blood, Liver and Kidneys.

For Sale by all Dealers in Medicine, at 50 Cents a Bottle.

Prepared and sold at Wholesale by the

GERMAN OLIO COMPANY,
(LIMITED,)
32 Willow Street, Williamsport, Pa.

PHILADELPHIA WHOLESALE AGENCY:
Johnston, Holloway & Co., 602 Arch St.
Smith, Kline & Co.,
309 & 311 NORTH THIRD STREET.

S. R. KAMP,
—Watchmaker & Jeweler,—
MILTON, PA.

OFFERS SPECIAL BARGAINS

—IN—

Ladies' and Gents' Solid Gold and Silver

Watches,

Plated Chains AND Jewelry,

ELEGANT LINE OF

Ladies' and Gents' Solid Gold Rings.

FINE LARGE STOCK OF

SILVER WARE,

!! All Guaranteed of Best Make !!!

Goods sent to responsible parties to select from. Orders by mail will receive prompt attention. All kinds of repairing promptly done. Goods to be repaired can be sent by mail and will be returned in the shortest possible time.

All kinds of Gold and Hair Jewelry made to order.

SEND FOR PRICE LIST.

THIS PAPER may be found on file at GEO. P. ROWELL & Co's Newspaper Advertising Bureau (10 Spruce Street), where advertising contracts may be made for it in **NEW YORK.**

W. T. Mauck & Son's
CIRCULAR LETTER
ON
FURNITURE, WALL PAPERS AND DECORATIONS.

We take pleasure in informing our friends and customers that we have on hand the most complete Stock of Furniture ever brought to this town or valley, consisting in

Parlor Suites, Chamber Suites, Dining Room Furniture, Tables, Stands, Chairs, Bureaus, Bedsteads, Springs of every description, Hair, Cotton, Husk and Straw Mattresses, Sofas, Lounges, Cradles, Hall Stands, Centre Tables, Easy Chairs, Book Cases, Wardrobes, Mirrors, Frames,
——What-Nots, Etc., Etc.——

Our stock of

WALL PAPERS & DECORATIONS

are entirely new patterns, and customers calling at our shops will after examination find that we are prepared to suit all tastes and fancies. The leading Wall Paper manufacturers are designing and printing papers so far in advance of those in former years, that we can now show styles of

PAPER HANGINGS

to customers that will improve their homes so much that they will not be without them.

PRICES ALWAYS THE LOWEST!

Earnestly soliciting a kind patronage we invite the public to call and inspect the goods at our shops,

Penn St., MILLHEIM, Penna.

W. T. MAUCK & SON.

"No lady can get along without it."—*Detroit (Mich.) Advertiser.*

CHEAPEST AND BEST.

PETERSON'S MAGAZINE!

Splendid Premiums FOR Getting up Clubs. { Illustrated "GOLDEN GIFT." Large-Size Steel-Engraving. Extra Copy for 1884.

FULL-SIZE PAPER PATTERNS.

A SUPPLEMENT *will be given in every number for 1884, containing a full size pattern for a lady's or a child's dress. Every subscriber will receive, during the year, twelve of these patterns—worth more, alone, than the subscription price.*

PETERSON'S MAGAZINE is the *best and cheapest* of the lady's-books. It gives more for the money, and combines greater merits, than any other. In short, it has the

BEST STEEL ENGRAVINGS, BEST ORIGINAL STORIES,
BEST COLORED FASHIONS, BEST WORK-TABLE PATTERNS
BEST DRESS PATTERNS, BEST MUSIC, ETC., ETC.

Its immense circulation and long-established reputation enable its proprietor to distance all competition. Its stories, novelets, etc., are admitted to be the best published. *All the most popular female writers* contribute to it. In 1884, more than 100 original stories will be given, besides SIX COPYRIGHT NOVELETS—by Ann S. Stephens, Mary V. Spencer, Frank Lee Benedict, Lucy H. Hooper, the author of "Josiah Allen's Wife," and the author of "The Second Life."

COLORED STEEL FASHION-PLATES!

"PETERSON" is the only magazine that gives these. They are TWICE THE USUAL SIZE, and are unequaled for beauty. Also, Household, Cookery, and other receipts; articles on Art Embroidery, Flower Culture, House Decoration—in short, everything interesting to ladies.

TERMS, ALWAYS IN ADVANCE, $2.00 PER YEAR.

UNPARALLELED OFFERS TO CLUBS.

2 Copies for $3.50 { With a superb Illustrated Volume: "The Golden Gift," or a large-size
3 " " 4.50 { costly steel-engraving, "Tired Out," for getting up the Club.
4 Copies for $6.50 { With an extra copy of the Magazine for 1884, as a premium, to the person
6 " " 9.00 { getting up the Club.
5 Copies for $8.00 { With an extra copy of the Magazine for 1884, and the "Golden Gift," or the
7 " " 10.50 { large steel-engraving, "Tired Out," to the person getting up the Club.

FOR LARGER CLUBS STILL GREATER INDUCEMENTS!

Address, post-paid, CHARLES J. PETERSON,
306 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Specimens sent gratis, if written for, to get up clubs with.

BEE HIVE

BEE HIVE

!!! Special Announcement !!!

We are just opening the largest and decidedly the cheapest lot of goods ever brought to Lock Haven.

DOMESTICS.

Very Best Muslins at 8 cts.
Canton Flannels, worth 15 cts., for 10 cts.
Good Canton Flannel for 6 cts.
Heavy Feather Ticking for 12½ cts.
Heavy Red Twill Flannel for 25 cts.

DRESS GOODS.

We have one of the largest and finest stocks of Dress Goods this side of Philadelphia. An elegant line of cheap goods from 6 cts. up.
Jamestown Cashmeres in all Shades, warranted to wash, only 25 cts.
Black and Colored Cashmeres are fully 25 per cent. lower than regular prices.
You will be surprised how low we sell.

SILKS.

We buy them in one thousand yard lots and warrant every yard not to cut. If they do we give you a new dress. OUR BLACK SILK at $1.00 is as good as most dealers sell at $1.25.

VERY RESPECTFULLY YOURS,

EVERETT & CO.,
LOCK HAVEN, PA.

B. HARRIS,
224 MARKET STREET, LEWISBURG,
—New Fall and Winter Millinery for Ladies,—
MISSES AND CHILDREN.
Ladies' and Misses' Ready-Made Coats and Dolmans in latest Styles.
LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S UNDERWEAR, DRESS TRIMMINGS, HOSIERY, GLOVES AND CORSETS, GERMANTOWN, ZEPHYR AND SAXONY WOOLS,
AND AN ENDLESS LINE OF
FANCY GOODS AND NOTIONS—ALL—AT—OUR—USUAL LOW PRICES.

The Millheim Journal.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 25., 1883.

BY DEININGER & BUMILLER.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

DEMOCRATIC MEETING AT MILLHEIM!

A Democratic meeting will be held in the Town Hall, Millheim, Friday evening, Novbr. 2nd. Hon. B. F. Meyer, of the Harrisburg Patriot, Hon J. H. Fow, of Philadelphia, and Hon. C. Schmitz, of New Jersey, will be present to address their fellow-citizens on the political questions of the day. The speakers are all men of high character and ability. Democrats of the valleys, turn out in force.

W. C. HEINLE,
Chairman Dem. Co. Com.

—J. W. Snook—Boss Builder.

—A. Miller—Fine Brand Cigars.

—Abs Harter—Crack Auctioneer.

—Geo. Ulrich—Packages & Boxes.

—D. I. Brown—Tinware & Oysters.

—Walter and Springer—Clean Shaves.

—P. H. Musser—Watches & Jewelry.

—B. F. Kister—Boots & Shoes, *next week.*

—Dr. J. F. Harter—Store Teeth & Protests.

—Wash Stover—Warrants, Summonses, Subpoenas.

—The foundation walls of Bartholomew's new house are up.

—Yony Kreamer's condition has not improved since our last mention

—Work on the new Lutheran church at Madisonburg has been suspended for the season.

—Twenty bushels of winter apples wanted in payment of subscription for the JOURNAL.

—Smith's German Oho recently cured a case of rheumatism of twelve years' standing.

—Dr. Mingle—Pills, Broken Limbs, Match Horses and—well, almost every *family* knows what.

—Millheimers were all busy last week boiling apple butter, cleaning house and fixing stove pipes.

—Henry Snavely goes to Forest county again shortly and will make sale of his personal property, November 3rd.

—The sour krout crop is about ripe. It is all in quality and quantity that the most confirmed *landsman* could ask.

—The heirs of Jacob Neese will offer their farm near Penn Hall at public sale, Saturday November 3rd. See Posters.

—Read the new testimonials on the Ready Reference Tax Receipt Book. There are lots of the same tenor still back.

—The Billiard and Pool room are a thing of the past, Mr. Pensyl having moved his establishment away from town.

—On Friday B. F. Miller moved into his own house at Petersburg, but that does not make him any the less a good painter.

—Miss Agnes S. Lose, daughter of Rev. Henry Lose, of Michigan, is here visiting uncles and aunts, cousins and other friends.

—Our planing mill men, carpenters, masons and plasterers are all as busy as beavers. Building is brisk at this end of the county.

—J. F. Cook, Esq., the enterprising marble agent, was here again last week and sold Deininger & Musser a new cargo of marble.

—H. M. Swartz brought a turnip to our office of the Siams Twin variety that weighs 3 pounds 10 ounces, and is a real curiosity.

—The papers announce that the base ball season has closed. How sad! It is a source of comfort, though, that the quoiting season is still open.

ATTENTION HORSEMEN.—Mr. William Brown will make public sale of some fine horses at the First National Hotel, Millheim, next Saturday.

—Specimens of manufactured lead from the Susquehanna Mining & Smelting Co., of Sunbury are on exhibition at Lewisburg, and look well.

—Miss Marian Cantner has concluded to stay with her sister, Mrs. S. D. Musser, during the coming winter. Sensible conclusion—good place to stay.

—J. R. Wolfe, administrator, will again offer the valuable real estate of the late Thomas Wolfe, in Miles township, at public sale, Nov. 15th. See notice in another column.

—Geo. B. Stover bought the Philip Stover farm at the public sale on Friday, at $77 per acre, which is considered a very fair price. The homestead in Aaronsburg was not sold.

—We were very much gratified the other day by receiving a letter from our friend, Mr. A. G. Heckman, of Seville, Medina county, Ohio. Andy is happy over the result of the election out there. He feels democratic all over.

—Aaronsburg, Woodward and all the region east of Millheim, have "just splendid" mail facilities now. The people can write to Bellefonte and have an answer all within one week if everything goes right. What a grand, glorious country we have.

—Jacob Kamp, the enterprising shoe man of Lock Haven, now has his big fall and winter stock of boots and shoes. No shoe dealer that we know of keeps better stock than Mr. Kamp, and at no place will customers be better accommodated or get more value for their money. 2t

—Last Thursday morning Snook & Geiswelt's shingle mill in Brush Valley was destroyed by fire. It was only by hard work that the steam saw mill close by was saved. About 80,000 shingles a d some other lumber were consumed, at a loss of about $1000. The origin of the fire is unknown.

—The fine farm of the late John Dutweiler will be offered at public sale by the executors, Saturday Nov. 17th. While the farm itself is a very valuable one, the beautiful spring flowing out from a natural cave of solid limestone, just a few rods from the house, is an additional consideration of importance. Not only is the supply of good, pure water never-failing, but the cave is the best dairy-house in the county.

—Sheriff Sammy Faust brought some fine specimens of apples to our office the other day. We measured a few of them with the following result: King of Tompkins County—12¼ inches in diameter one way, 11¾ inches the other. The Fifteen Inch kind measures 13 inches one way and 12 the other. Anybody that can beat this is welcome to do so—not forgetting that we can judge of size and quality much better by having a whole bushel before us.

LUTHER CENTENARY SERVICES.—Rebersburg, Sunday, November 4th, 10 A. M.

Logansville, Saturday, November 10th, 10 A. M., and 7 P. M.

Aaronsburg, Sunday, November 11th, 10 A. M.

Millheim, Sunday, November 11th, 2 P. M.

Penns Creek, Sunday, November 11th, 7 P. M.

Rev. John Tomlinson, Rev. J. K. Miller and Rev. A. K. Zimmerman are expected to be present at all these meetings. All are cordially invited.

—By the Bellefonte papers we see that the Lutheran Memorial to be held in the Court House on Friday is expected to be a big affair. The several committees are doing all they can of a preparatory nature and if the people throughout the county but second the work of the committees the matter will be a success, as it should be. A good delegation from this end of the county, where the churches of the reformation are largely represented, is rightfully expected. Besides Dr. Wolfe and Dr. Morris, a number of other prominent ministers, not only of the Lutheran but of other churches as well, are expected to deliver short addresses. The committees desire it to be distinctly understood that the memorial is to be entirely unsectarian. All are invited—all are welcome.

—The excursion announced in last week's JOURNAL will leave Baltimore on the evening of Nov. 12th, at 7 o'clock. Persons desirous of visiting southern Virginia and the best part of North Carolina, including Raleigh, the capital, Wadesboro, Charlotte and other growing towns, should not fail to avail themselves of this splendid opportunity. This excursion takes place at a season of the year when farmers have their fall work out of the way and have nothing to hinder them from taking a little recreation after the labors of the summer. Remember the fare for the round trip from Baltimore is only $12, and hotel bills half rates for the excursionists.

The rail road companies may not for a long time offer such low rates again. Ticket good for thirty days. Excursionists can return on any train and boat.

For further particulars address

W. K. ALEXANDER.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.

Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of cutting teeth? If so, send at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP FOR CHILDREN TEETHING. Its value is incalculable. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it, mothers, there is no mistake about it. It cures dysentery and diarrhoea, regulates the stomach and bowels, cures wind colic, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP FOR CHILDREN TEETHING is pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States, and is for sale by all druggists throughout the world. Price 25 cents a bottle.

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Your patronage respectfully solicited.

Jos. M. Feger, Proprietor.

—The Messrs. Sankey are busy hauling their cultivator material to the depot, to have it shipped to Duncannon. We understand that they will continue the manufacture of farming implements at that place.

Miscellaneous.

It is stated as a fact that the seed of the sunflower is the best remedy ever discovered for the cure of founder in horses. Immediately on discovering that a young horse is foundered put about a pint of the whole seed into his food, and it will work a perfect cure.

Daniel Strausser, of Shamokin, has three sons, one of whom while playing with some of his companions on Monday fell and broke his leg. On Tuesday the second fell from a tree on the mountain while gathering chestnuts and broke his leg. Thursday the third was knocked down and run over by a wagon and had a leg broken.

A Kansas law requires farmers to mow the weeds on the roadsides through their farms. This is for the purpose of making farm and road both look tidy and in good trim. It wouldn't be a bad law for Pennsylvania; and while our Legislature is holding sessions doing nothing, it might profitably put in the time framing such a law.

Near Chicago is the town of Pullman, containing 7,500 inhabitants, and it is notable that it has neither saloon, court-house or jail, and reqires the services of but a single policeman. If it had but one liquor saloon, it would need a court-house, jail, poor-house, and a large police force to dispose of the criminals and paupers which the saloon, would create. And yet, there are some *Christian* people who think that a liquor saloon is not a bad thing!

All about a Dog's Tail.

DANVILLE, Va., October 19th.

Three men were shot and probably fatally wounded in the lower part of Franklin county yesterday in a fight growing out of a dispute over the pulling of a dog's tail. Joseph P. Love, a fugitive from justice from West Virginia, has been living with his father-in-law near the scene of the tragedy for some time. Yesterday Love, his father-in-law and brother, Charles Love, were in the woods hunting. Loves father-in-law pulled the tail of one of the dogs belonging to his son-in-low. This was followed by denunciations from Love, who declared that no man of honor would pull a dog's tail. A general fight ensued, in which Love's father-in-law, brother and brother-in-law were seriously and probably fatally wounded by him. He himself received a slight wound. The weapon used by Love was Colt's navy revolver. One of the other men was armed with a small pistol. The affair creates great excitement in the neighborhood in which it occurred. Love fled and has not been arrested yet.

PUZZLED PHYSICIANS.

Doctors Disagree over a case that Perplexed the Whole Faculty—How a Woman's life was Saved—A Remarkable Cure.

A talented reporter of that sprightly journal, the Pittsburgh Commercial Gazette, tells us in the most highly interesting manner, a terrible story of the sufferings of a gentle little lady named Mrs. Milo Ingram, now 43 Fayette St., Allegheny City, Pa., the daughter of Captain Hugh McKelvey, of same place. It was told to the reporter by Mrs. Ingram herself, and the news gatherer says it would have been too much to believe only the evidence was close at hand to substantiate every word of what she said.

"It was another instance," says the reporter "of the culpable ignorance of a large class of practitioners of medicine who, while they pretend to be perfectly familiar with the minutest details of the science are often brought to bay by some unusually difficult case, which they are ashamed to acknowledge they do not understand. The little lady gave the names of some of the most reputable physicians in the two cities, to whom she had paid large sums of money for treatment, and all they had succeeded in doing was making big fees, while she grew rapidly worse.

Her troubles began about six years ago, when she experienced a fall while attempting to cross a sewer drain that had just been dug. A large swelling came on her right side, which rapidly spread, became very much discolored, and caused the most intolerable pain. She sent for the leading physician of Allegheny, who summoned a consultation of prominent physicians and surgeons, who united in pronouncing it a case of malignant cancer, and they told her it was incurable. She next consulted a well-known cancer doctor of Kittaning, under whose treatment she remained six months. Her case not manifesting the slightest improvement, she experienced the most excruciating torture all the time. Her relatives took her to Rome, New York where she remained for two years under the care of Dr. Kingsley. He pronounced it rose cancer, and although he failed to cure her, he very much relieved her sufferings. He also pronounced her case incurable.

The flesh of her breast was eaten away down to the ribs, the breast-bone was laid bare, and the disease made its way upward, causing the breast to become detached from the wall of the chest, hanging loose from above. After awhile this healed partially, and the disease made its appearance in the limbs, with even ten-fold greater virulence, not only eating away the flesh but attacking the bones beneath. It affected both limbs, and then broke out on her her head and face, affecting her eyes, making her almost blind, and causing her face to swell out of all its former likeness. Her mind was affected, and at last her death became only a question of time. A very reputable herb doctor pronounced her at death's door.

At this juncture her friends were told of the remarkable recoveries effected by PERUNA, and without any real hope of benefitting her, they determined to see if the wonderful remedy would be of any avail in her case. Four months after commencing to use PERUNA she showed remarkable signs of improvement, and to-day she is a perfectly healthy woman. All her sores are healed.

Some fearful scars remain behind to tell the terrible story. Her sight is completely restored, and a more grateful patient a doctor never had. She says she never grows tired sounding PERUNA'S praises.

Mrs. Ingram says they had paid over one thousand dollars to her previous doctors, without any permanent good, and her father would gladly have paid as much for PERUNA had a cure been guaranteed. About one hundred bottles of PERUNA, each containing half an ounce of iodide of Potassium, was the whole cost of her cure. She took at first one tablespoonful four times daily, and gradually increased the dose, until she took four tablespoonsful every two hours. Notwithstanding these large doses, her appetite at once improved, and continued good all the time until she was perfectly cured. She gained forty-five pounds while under treatment.

There are only two cases on record where it is known to have required half as many bottles to effect a cure. Generally speaking, ordinary chronic cases require only from six to thirty bottles, and thousands of cases of recent date have recovered perfectly on a single bottle.

A dishcartened deacon declares that there is no hope for the salvation of a man who will sit on a picket fence for three hours and a half to see a base ball match, and then refuse to go to church with his wife because "them pews is too confounded uncomfortable."

MARRIED.

On the 9th inst., at Farmers' Mills, by M. L. Rishel, Esq., Mr. John B. Forster, and Miss Crissie G. Taylor, all of Farmers' Mills.

On the 2nd inst., by Rev. C. W. Secrist, Mr. J. L. Shafer, of Zion, and Miss Emma R. Vonada, of Jacksonville.

On the 10th inst., at the bride's home, at Penn Hall, by Rev. W. E. Fisher, Mr. Geo. M. Musser and Miss Rebecca L. Neese.

On the 10th inst., at the residence of the bride's parents, by Rev. D. B. M'Closkey, Rev. Henry J. Keister, of Central Ohio Conference, to Miss Ada C. Gobble, of Snydertown, Centre Co., Pa.

DIED.

On the 16th inst., near Penn Hall, Mr. Wm. J. Bartges, aged 30 years, 4 months and 3 days.

The deceased died of typhoid pneumonia. He was an honest, upright and honorable young man. His remains were interred in the cemetery at Rebersburg. A funeral address was delivered on the occasion by the writer on the subject of "The Certainty of Heavenly Mansions." from John, 14:2, "If it were not so I would have told you." J. T.

Millheim Market.

Corrected every Wednesday

Wheat, old,	1.00
Corn	60
Rye	60
Oats White	35
Buckwheat	
Flour	5.00
Salt, per Brl	1.50
Plaster, ground	
Cement, per Bushel	45 to 50
Barley	50
Tymothyseed	
Flaxseed	
Cloverseed	
Butter	20
Hams	16
Sides	12
Veal	
Pork	
Beef	
Eggs	22
Potatoes	35
Lard	14

COAL MARKET AT COBURN.

Egg Coal	$4.75
Stove "	5.00
Chestnut	4.75
Pea	3.25
Pea by the car load	Special Prices.

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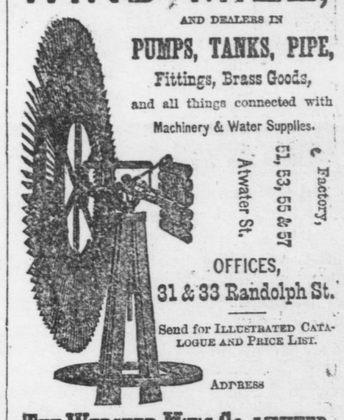

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SCIENTIFIC SCRAPS.

An Indianapolis inventor is trying to perfect an electrical headlight for locomotives.

A new rifle, capable of discharging three projectiles at a time, has been made in France.

Some German chemist is at work on a substance which he claims will supersede gutta-purcha.

From experiments at Caracas, Venezuela, M. Marcano concludes that the sap of tropical vegetation circulates completely through the plants within a period of twenty-four hours.

A shark of the genus Scymnus is, according to Weidemann, phosphorescent on its whole under surface, with the exception of a black stripe on the neck. Its back is non-luminous.

A curious fact has been observed by Profs. Ayrton and Perry: Soft iron when heated between a red and white heat ceases to be attracted by a magnet. When soft iron is bent between red and white hot iron it ceases to be attracted by a magnet.

Under experiments mabe by a French chemist it was found that trichinae in the superficial parts of hams, etc., maintained a very prolonged existence under circumstances which would be thought likely to destroy life.

M. Pastuer believes that cholera is pronounced by minute organism of some kind, but the germs have never yet been discovered. He has recommended the French government to send a special mission to Egypt to study the generation of this dreaded disease.

However beneficial as exercise, no amusement is free from drawbacks. In a paper entitled "Remarks on One Form of Tennis Knee," Dr. C. Mansell Moullin, assistant surgeon to the London Hospital, shows that lawn tennis players are liadle to peculiar forms of knee sprains, which may be painful and difficult to treat.

Cracked earthenware should never be used for domestic purposes. It is a safe rule in good housekeeping to break any fractured stone-ware to pieces and render them unfitted for any employment as utensils. In a paper read before the Academy of Sciences, Paris, M. E. Peyrusson demonstrated very clearly how the germs of cholera, typhoid fever, and similar diseases may be preserved and communicated by even the slightest crack or fissure which may be caused by very trifling accidents to crockery and faience.

The Jumbo of Crickets.

Throughout the whole territory of Utah the cricket is one of the common objects of the country, but there are crickets and crickets, and it is just a well when in search of the best article to "see that you get it." For a consideration, therefore, I will put the speculator on the track of some of the grossest locusts that ever devoured green stuff—locusts, moreover, that squeak when pursued. Poets (American poets especially) are very partial to what they are pleased to call the cricket's merry chirp. But the poet's cricket is the insect of the domestic hearth, a pale-colored ghost of a thing, all voice, and with an irregular midnight appetite for the kitchen cloths that are hung out to dry before the stove. The Piutes' cricket is very much otherwise. It is the Jumbo of crickets, and just as black. It lives on the slopes of the Utah hills, among the sage-brush, and when alarmed tries invariably to jump down-hill. But being all stomach, and therefore top-heavy, so to speak, the ill-balanced insect invariably rolls head over heels, and every time it turns a somersault it squeaks dismally. To walk down the hill side, driving a whole herd of these corpulent crickets before me, used to amuse me immoderately, for the spectacle of so many fat things simultaneously trying to jump down hill, simultaneously rolling head over heels, and simultaneously squeaking, was mirthful enough to drive the dullest care away.

Life in San Francisco.

The people of this city, like those of Paris, live largely at restaurants, says a San Francisco letter. The number and variety of eating houses are remarkable. They are on every street, and of all grades and finish. The proprietor of one of the largest told me they were furnishing from 4000 to 4500 meals per day. I know of no American city where one can live so cheaply so far as eating is concerned as here. Housekeeping is more expensive than in the east, as rents are very high. But restaurant living is reduced to the lowest possible cost. The result is that hundreds of couples together with much of the single element, hire rooms and then take their meals at an eating-house. At the "Poodle-Dog," a dining-room patronized by wealthy people and those who desire to be numbered among the "tony" ones, it is very easy to run a dinner up to $2 or $3, but at most of the first-class restaurants a good dinner can be had for from two to four bits, (a bit is five cents) according to the variety of dishes desired. A lady told me her breakfast usually cost her five cents.

LATEST NEWS.

LONDON, October 21.---Lord Rossmore, as Grand Master of the Orangemen of Monaghan, has written to the newspapers, calling attention to the serious state of affairs in Ulster. He says that henceforth the self-restraint of Orangemen cannot be reckoned upon; that only the utmost efforts of himself and other leaders prevented the Orangemen from storming the hill at Roslea during the recent Parnellite meeting. If the government, he says, allows such disloyal meetings to continue in Ulster, the result will be bloodshed, and perhaps civil war.

The trichinosis appears to be increasing in parts of Saxony.

Nine shocks of earthquake were felt at Gibraltar on Saturday.

The report of the death of the Algerian insurgeant, Chief Si Sliman, is confirmed.

The American, British and Continental Cable Company has been incorporated in London.

A dispatch to Reuter's Telegram Company announces that a treaty of peace has been signed between Chili and Peru.

Two Montreal men claim to have invented gun for steamers that will reduce the voyage across the Atlantic to three days.

The White river has risen rapidly during the last two days, inundating 12,000 acres of corn and cotton in the White river valley, Arkansas.

Lynchburg, Va., is now connected with the Valley Rail Road, and trains have commenced to arrive and depart regularly to and from that city.

The Eastern Shore Herald, Va., says that the farmers of Accomac must have realized this year for their sweet potatoes not far short of half a million of dollars.

The assessment rolls of one hundred and fifty-five counties of Texas show an increase in taxable values of over ninety-five million dollars above last year, with fifteen counties to hear from, which will doubtless make a total increase of one hundred million dollars.

The line located by the survey just completed for the Tehuantopec ship railway is 153 miles long, with a maximum grade of 53 feet to the mile. Capt. Eads, the projector, seems confident that ere long the spectacle will be witnessed of great ocean steamers riding on dry land across the isthmus upon trains of cars.

In Johnson county, Kentucky, a week ago, George Frankson shot and mortally wounded Milly Walker, whom he found in company with his rival, Doc Martnell. Milly Walker has been a notorious character, and learning that her wound was mortal, made a dying confession to a priest and to the sheriff. She said her real name was Mary Ganole, and pleading earnestly for forgiveness, confessed that years ago, when she was but fifteen years old, she had killed her betrayer. His name, she said, was George Radcliffe, and she described how she had shot him while riding in a buggy with him in Menefee county. The body she hid in a cave on the banks of Snelling Creek, describing the locality. Radcliffe was known to have been murdered, and Frank Tompkins, Radcliffe's bitter enemy, was arrested for the crime. While in jail at Frendburg awaiting trial a band of masked men broke into the prison and lynched the supposed murderer.

Fifty thousand francs is the prize which France offers for the discovery which shall enable electricity to be applied economically in one of the following directions: As a source of heat, of light, of chemical action, of mechanical power, as a means of the transmission of intelligence, or the treatment of disease---the prize being open to all nationalities, and to be awarded in December, 1887.

The facts as recited by the dying woman are well known to the authorities, and investigation of the cave referred to yesterday revealed the skeleton of a man. The woman's story thus received unlooked-for corroboration. After the murder of Radcliffe, the woman removed to Flemmingsburg, where in September, five years ago, she shot old Ned Trumbo dead, according to her own confession. For this crime Charles Hopper was lynched. Before concluding a recital of her crimes death cut short the awful list. Milly Walker has borne an unsavory reputation, but it was not believed that she had ever gone so far as her dying statements admitted. The men were certainly murdered, and it is believed the dying woman told the truth in her confession.

GENERAL NEWS.

LONDON, Oct. 19.--The village in the outskirts of Alexandria, Egypt, in which it was announced cholera has broken out, has heretofore escaped the infection. It is believed that the disease there now was caused by the infiltration into the canal running through the village of water from adjacent cemeteries in which cholera victims have been interred.

Minister Lowell will be nominated a candidate for rector of the Scotch University of St. Andrew's.

The Spanish minister dwells upon the great necessity for extensive army reforms, and asks the army to rally round the king.

A Vienna despatch says a violent storm has occurred on Lake Ladoza and the Gulf of Finland, causing a great loss of life and shipping. Sixty vessels were stranded. The bodies of sixteen persons have been recovered

Three new cases of the fever and one death were reported at Brewton, Ala., Oct. 19. The wife of the late Rev. R. P. Baker is quite ill of the disease Contributions are liberal.

A Postal Telegraph and Cable Company has been incorporated in New York. The lines are to extend throughout the United States, Canada and Mexico, and from Greenpoint, Long Island, to London, Liverpool and Paris.

Senor Gennaro Raigosa has left the City of Mexico for New York to arrange for he loan of $10,000,000 for the Mexican government. It is understood that Mr. Henry B. Hyde, of the Equitable Life Insurance Company, is conducting the negotiations in New York.

The colored Baptist in convention at Wyandotte, Kansas, representing a number of Western states and territories, have apopted a resolution protesting against the late decision in the civil rights case. They charge the responsibility of the decision upon the Republican party, and give notice to all parties that they intend to hold whatever ground they can command as enfranchised citizens.

The secret service agent at Mobile, Ala., reports that he raided a gang of counterfeiters in that city, and captured the whole party while they were manufacturing counterfeit coin. He also captured the outfit of the counterfeiters, together with a quantity of counterfeit coin partially finished. Thomas and Alvin Bohannon were among the prisoners. The former desperately resisted arrest, and was badly wounded.

The corner-stone of the church which is to be erected upon the spot where Emperor Alexander II. was killed was laid in St. Petersburg yesterday by the Czar and Czarina with imposing ceremonies.

The population of Altata, Mex., has been decimated by yellow fever. The number of deaths for two weeks averaged 20 a day. On the 3d inst. Altata was struck by a hurricane which killed several persons and destroyed the greater part of the town.

LONDON, Oct. 18.--The cholera has broken out in a suburb of Alexandria.

The manufacture of the Mackey-Bennett ocean cable is progressing satisfactorily.

Mr. Sargent, the United States minister, has returned to Berlin and resumed the charge of his duties.

A despatch from Hong Kong says the government of China is actively preparing to close the port of Canton.

The London Standard says there is reason to believe that the Cabinet will meet November 10th to discuss the withdrawal, either partial or entire, of the British troops from Egypt.

The Bangor (Ill.) Furnace Company has made a voluntary assignment. Liabilities $130 000.

The bill granting women the right of suffrage has passed the House of the Washington Territory Legislature.

The Rapid Telegraph Company has mortgaged its lines to the Safe Deposit Company of Boston for $3,000,000, with the view of extending lines into other states than those now occupied.

Masked men entered the house of Edward McLaughlin, a farmer, and tortured him and his wife until they disclosed the hiding-place of $1,000 in gold. They then departed, leaving their victims nearly dead.

Gen. James B. Steadman died at Toledo, O., October 18. He was a prominent army officer during the war, and was promoted to the rank of major-general for conspicuous bravery at the battle of Chickamauga.

At Port Hope a package containing ten thousand dollars was stolen from the safe in the Canadian Express office at the station here during the time the clerk was receiving goods from the messenger on the train There is no clue to the robbers.

LONDON, Oct. 17.--The grand jury in London yesterday returned an indictment charging O'Donnell with the murder of Carey.

The rainy season in Tonquin has put a stop to military operations.

A memorial of Alexander II of Russia is to be erected on the spot where he was killed.

Villa Allegno, near Brescia, Italy, has been destroyed by fire and a thousand persons are homeless.

Great loss of life and damage to property has been done by the earthquakes in Asia Minor. Over 1,000 lives are said to have been lost.

The First National Bank of Chicago has notified its 130 clerks that they must all procure bonds, which will range from $40,000 to $500 each.

At Wilmington Delaware, John Wood, an illicit whisky seller, pleaded guilty, and was sentenced to four years' imprisonment and fined $100 and costs.

Joseph P. Hale, a well known New York piano manufacturer, died of heart disease in that city. He is said to have been worth ten millions of dollars or more.

There have been four new cases of fever at Brenton, Ala., including two lately, but no deaths. Since the outbreak there have been 31 cases and 18 deaths. Only one patient has fully recovered.

Two suspicious strangers, who gave their names as James Holmes and Wm. Brackett, have been arrested at Halifax, N. S. In Holme's pockets among other things were found two loaded revolvers several cartridges, two dozen dynamite cartridges and a copy of the Irish World. A loaded revolver and a lot of dynamite cartridges were found in Brackett's possession. Their valises contained one forty and the other sixty pounds of dynamite.

The oyster industry of Maryland, in all its branches, employs 25,000 persons and affords a living for 75,000.

The Nashville City Council, which was elected on the reform ticket, was sworn in, and Mayor Phillips, in his inaugural address, recommended that the colored people be given a fair share of the offices.

Fowler Berry, a leading merchant of Sandusky, Ohio, committed suicide by shooting himself. No cause for the act is known. He was to have been married to a Cincinnati lady, and was dressed in his wedding suit when he committed suicide.

Washington Notes.

The Secretary of War has designated Major Daaid L. Huntington to take charge of the Surgeon-General's office until further orders.

When Don Cameron left here for Europe his purpose was to remain abroad for a year or two if his health was benefited. He has, however, provided against all contingencies by pairing with Senator M. C. Butler, of South Carolina, on all political questions, and authorized his bosom friend and companion, General Mahone, to decide what are political questions. But the question arises whether all this is not on Senator Butler's part a very great stretch of that personal courtesy which sanctions the pairing of members of a legislative body, a custom which is prompted only by personal courtesy has no authority in constitution or law, and has long been deprecated by the wisest statesmen as inherently vicious and wrong even under the most ordinary circumstances.

THE MARKETS.

BALTIMORE.			
FLOUR—City Mills, extra.	$4 00	@	$4 75
WHEAT—Southern Fultz...	1 07	@	1 11
CORN—Southern White	64	@	67
do. —Yellow.....	63	@	94
RYE—Good.....	64	@	65
OATS—Maryland.....	35	@	37
COTTON—Middling.....	10¼	@	10⅝
do. —Good ordinary..	9¼	@	9⅛
HAY—Md. and Pa. Timot'y	15 00	@	17 00
STRAW—Wheat.....	7 00	@	8 00
BUTTER--Western prime.	24	@	26
do. --West Virginia...	18	@	20
CHEESE—N. Y. State ch'ce	11	@	12
do. --Western prime..	7	@	8
EGGS.....	22	@	25
CATTLE.....	5 50	@	6 00
SWINE.....	6	@	7¼
SHEEP AND LAMBS.....	3	@	5
TOBACCO LEAF--Inferior	2 50	@	4 00
Good common.....	2 00	@	3 00
Middling.....	7 00	@	7 50
Good to fine red.....	8 00	@	10 00
Fancy.....	10 00	@	15 00
NEW YORK.			
COTTON--Middling upland	10	@	10⅝
FLOUR--Southern com. to fair extra.....	4 30	@	5 15
WHEAT--No. 1 white.....	1 16	@	1 18
RYE--State.....	69	@	73
CORN--Southern Yellow....	57	@	60
OATS--White State.....	35	@	37
BUTTER--State.....	17	@	30
CHEESE--State.....	9	@	11
EGGS.....	20	@	24
PHILADELPHIA.			
FLOUR--Penna. fancy.....	4 75	@	5 00
WHEAT--Pa. and Southern red.....	1 15	@	1 17
RYE--Pennsylvania.....	60	@	65
CORN--Southern yellow....	55	@	59
OATS.....	36	@	38
BUTTER--State.....	20	@	30
CHEESE--N. Y. factory.....	8	@	12
EGGS---State	15	@	18

CHAINED TO A TREE AND BURNED.

The Terrible Fate of a Brutal Negro at the Hands of a Mob.

At the recent term of the Calcasieu Parish District Court a white man named Oscar Martin was convicted of an attempt to murder his father, whom he shot and wounded, and a negro named Lewis Woods was convicted of assaulting a negro girl. They were both young men, not more than twenty-one years of age. While awaiting sentence they succeeded in escaping from jail, and took to the woods. A few days afterward Lewis Woods came up with a Mrs. Humphries, the wife of a well connected gentleman, in the woods at a point near Bear Head Creek, about thirty miles northwest of Lake Charles, and assaulted her. Martin does not appear to have been present at the outrage.

The country was aroused, and the fugitives, who had kept together, were tracked and followed, and finally driven into Texas, where a weekago in Jasper county, near Cairo, they were arrested by citizens of that State. The men were held until the arrival of deputy sheriffs from Calcasieu, who took the prisoners and started by rail with them for Lake Charles.

On arriving at the Edgerly station in Calcasieu parish, the train was boarded by fifty armed men, who forcibly took the men off the train. It was evident that the mob intended to make short work of the matter. They started with the two prisoners for the woods back of Edgerly. Some of them had ropes and others shotguns, but it was reserved for the negro not to die either by the rope or powder and shot.

He seemed to be indifferent to his fate, and trotted along in the middle of the mob as if he were the most unconcerned man in the party. Not so with the white man. He seemed to fear the worst, and it was often necessary to push him along in order for him to keep up with his black companion.

When the timber was reached the negro was quickly lashed to a tree, and the crowd began to pile fagots about him. While the work was going on he begged to exonerate his companion, the white man, who, he said, had no hand in the outrage upon the woman.

"He begged me not to do it," said the negro, "and that is all I have to say."

Those words saved the life of the white man, and he is now in the jail at Lake Charles.

When the pile of dry brush was almost as high as the head of the negro the match was applied, and soon the flames were seething and crackling around the doomed man. As they began to scorch his flesh his agonizing shrieks seem to penetrate the very heavens. It seemed to be the intention of the crowd to prolong his sufferings as much as possible, and some of the crowd, which had now increased to about 200, pulled some of the fire away from the victim. He begged them to shoot him—anything to relieve him from his sufferings.

The sufferings of the man did not cease for fully twenty minutes, and the agony that he endured in that short space of time was more than pen can picture.—*Maryland Democrat.*

Apples as Food.

From the earliest ages apples have been in use for the table as a dessert. The historian Pliny tells us that the Romans cultivated twenty-two varieties of the apple. In these latter days we probably possess over two thousand. As an article of food they rank with the potato, and on account of the variety of ways in which they may be served, they are far preferable to the taste of many persons; and if families would only substitute ripe, luscious apples for pies, cakes and candies, and preserved fruit, there would be much less sickness among the children, and the saving of this one item alone would purchase many barrels of apples.

They have one excellent effect upon the whole physical system, feeding the brain, as well as adding to the flesh, and keeping the blood pure; also, preventing constipation, and correcting a tendency to acidity, which produces rheumatism and neuralgia. They will cool off the feverish condition of the system; in fact, they are far better for these purposes than the many nostrums which are highly praised in the advertisements, and are so constantly purchased by sufferers. A ripe, raw apple is digested in an hour and a half, while a boiled potato takes twice the time.

When apples can be purchased at cheap rates, every family should keep a dish of them in the dining-room, where the children can have access to and eat all they please of them. They will rarely receive any injury from them, if they are thoroughly masticated. Baked apples should be as constant a dish upon the table as potatoes. Every breakfast and tea-table should have a dish of them. Baked sweet apples are a very pleasant addition to a saucer of oat-meal pudding, and when served with sweet cream they are very appetizing.

They are not so commonly used as they should be, as they will supply as much muscular and nervous support as dishes of meat and vegetables. Thousands of bushels of sour apples are used for pies and puddings in hundreds of families where well-baked, sweet apples will prove more nourishing food, and much more economical. They are also good food for old people, and are usually greatly relished by them. In my own family they are always, when in season, a part of the meals of the day, and are as commonly used as a slice of bread.

A Partially Dead Man.

The *Morning Herald*, Baltimore, Md., states: Major B. S. White, of this city, describes his miraculous cure as follows: "I have been a partially dead man for ten years. Doctors attributed my sufferings to the enlargement of certain glands. The quantity of Medicine I took without relief would be sufficient to set up a first-class apothecary shop. Finally St. Jacobs Oil was recommended. I had my spinal column thoroughly rubbed with it. All those knots, kinks and stiffness have passed away and I am myself again.

"Say, Mrs. Bunson," said a little girl to a lady visitor, "do you belong to a brass band?" "No, my dear." I thought you did." "Why did you?" "Because mamma said you were always blowing your own horn.

A DETECTIVE'S EXPERIENCE.

His Successful Undertaking and Escape from an Impending Fate.

(*Buffalo, N. Y., News.*)

One morning several years ago, just as the dull gray light was beginning to show itself in the east, a small band of men might have been seen deployed about a house on Ferry street, in Buffalo. There was nothing special either in the dress or appearance of the men to indicate their intention, but it was plain that they had business of importance on hand. Suddenly a man appeared at one of the windows, took in the situation at a glance, and, swinging himself outward with wonderful quickness, scaled the roof of the house. This man was Tom Ballard, the notorious counterfeiter; and, armed to the teeth and fully realizing his situation, he defied justice and the officials below him. Some of the officers, knowing the desperate character of the man, proposed to shoot him until he was killed, but one of the number promptly protested, and declared that if his brother officers would assist him to ascend he would capture the man alive. Accordingly he began the difficult and dangerous task, and succeeded in bringing his prisoner to the ground in safety.

The man who accomplished this task was Mr. Thomas Curtin, the present superintendent of the city police of Buffalo, N. Y. Mr. Curtin is a man who is known by every prominent detective and policeman in America, and he stands pre-eminently in the front of his profession. Quiet and gentlemanly in appearance and manners, he possesses a courage, combined with marked physical powers, that make him the terror of evil-doers and the pride of law-abiding citizens. Few people can realize, however, the trials, exposures, and even privations, to which the members of every municipal police and fire department are exposed. Compelled to be on duty at uncertain hours, subjected to the most inclement weather, and often necessitated by the nature of their duties to protracted undertakings, they endure a nervous and physical strain that is terrible. Such was the experience of Mr. Curtin in former days; and it is not surprising that he found himself suffering from a mysterious physical trouble. In relating his experience to a representative of this paper he said:

"At times when I was on duty I would feel an unaccountable weariness and lack of energy. My appetite was also uncertain and my head seemed dull and heavy. I did not fully understand these troubles, but supposed, as most people suppose, that I was suffering from malaria. I tried to throw off the feeling, but it would not go. I thought I might overcome it, but found I was mistaken, and I finally became so badly off that it was almost impossible to attend to my duties. I have known any number of men in the police and fire departments of this country who have been afflicted as I was, and I doubt not there are to-day hundreds similarly troubled who, like myself, did not know the cause, or really what ailed them."

"Your present appearance, Mr. Curtin, does not indicate much physical debility," said the interviewer as he looked at the 200 pounds of bone and muscle standing nearly five feet eleven inches in height before him.

"Oh, no; that is altogether a thing of the past, and I am happy to say that for more than a year I have enjoyed almost perfect health, although I now realize that I was on the road to certain death by Bright's disease of the kidneys and traveling at a very rapid pace."

"How did you come to recover so completely?"

"That is just what I want to tell you, for I believe it may be of great service to many others in my profession, who may possibly hear of it. I began the use of a popular remedy at the earnest solicitation of a number of friends in this city, and found to my great gratification that I began feeling better. This feeling continued and I gained in strength and vigor until now I am perfectly well—and wholly through the instrumentality of Warner's Safe Cure, which I believe to be the best medicine for policemen, firemen, railroad men or any other class of people exposed to danger or a change of weather, ever discovered. Since my recovery I have recommended it everywhere, and never knew a case where it failed either to cure or benefit. I would not be without it under any consideration, and I am positive it is a wonderfully valuable and at the same time entirely harmless remedy. Indeed, I see that Dr. Gunn, dean of the United States Medical College of New York, indorses it in the highest terms."

"So you experience little difficulty in the execution of your duties now, Mr. Curtin, do you?"

"None whatever. Our department was never in better condition than at present."

"And do you never have any fear of some of the desperadoes whom you have been the means of bringing to justice?"

"Not in the least. Such men do not try to retaliate, partially because they have not the courage, but oftener because they respect an officer who does his duty."

The policemen, firemen, letter carriers and other public employes in this country have a part or all to carry trying life. When, therefore, a simple and pure remedy that can restore and sustain the health of all such men is found, it should be cause for great congratulation, especially when recommended by such a man as Superintendent Thomas Curtin, of Buffalo.

"Papa," asked a little six-year-old daughter of an uptown physician, "wasn't Job a doctor?" "I never heard that he was; why?" "Because mamma said the other day that she didn't think you had any of the patients of Job."

Who says it is unhealthy to sleep in feathers? Look at the spring chicken and see how tough he is.

London has a company which insures against bicycle and tricycle accidents.

(EPILEPSY Fits)
successfully treated. Pamphlet of particulars one stamp, address WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, Buffalo, N. Y.

Texas boasts of a magic water that not only cures all the ills of the flesh, but ministers to a mind diseased. How about crime?

A strengthening tonic, free from whisky and alcohol, cures dyspepsia and similar diseases. Never been equaled. Brown's Iron Bitters.

Canadian Indians prophecy an early winter, because the wild geese have gone south.

BEAUTIFUL WOMEN
are made pallid and unattractive by functional irregularities, disorders and weaknesses that are perfectly cured by following the suggestions given in an illustrated treatise (with colored plates) sent free for three letter postage stamps. Address WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, Buffalo, N. Y.

Florida expects that her incoming orange crop will be the largest in her history.

WADLEY, Ga.—Dr. B. R. Doyle says: "I consider Brown's Iron Bitters superior as a tonic to any preparation now in use."

A man one hundred years old recently voted for the first time in Kensington, Ct.

Young and middle-aged men suffering from nervous debility, premature old age, loss of memory, and kindred symptoms, should send three stamps for Part VII of pamphlets issued by World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

The newest lace pin represents a pug dog with eyes of diamonds.

SHEBOYGAN, Wis.—Dr. S. B. Myers says: "I recommend Brown's Iron Bitters for general debility, loss of appetite and want of strength.

It costs nothing to tell a lie, but considerable to stick to it.

Chrolithion collars are made in different styles, both standing and turn down. The cuffs are reversible.

Frazer Axle Grease.
One greasing lasts two weeks; all others two or three days. Do not be imposed upon by the humbug stuffs offered. Ask your dealer for Frazer's, with label on. It saves your horse labor, and you too. It received first medal at the Centennial and Paris expositions. Sold everywhere.

Why don't you use St. Patrick's Salve? Try it. Use it. 25c. at all druggists.

FOR DYSPEPSIA, INDIGESTION, depression of spirits and general debility in their various forms; also as a preventive against fever and ague and other intermittent fevers, the "Ferro-Phosphorated Elixir of Calisaya," made by Caswell, Hazard & Co., New York, and sold by all Druggists, is the best tonic; and for patients recovering from fever or other sickness it has no equal.

Mr. J. Eager, importer, 34 Cliff St., N. Y., tells all his sick friends if they take three bottles of Dr. Elmore's R.-G. and it fails to cure them, he will pay for it, because three bottles cured his wife and other friends.

See Here, Young Men,
that girl of mine is twice as handsome since she commenced using Carboline, the deodorized extract of Petroleum, and I would not be without it for a fortune.

Our Best Families.
I have been troubled for over six years with a severe kidney complaint, also a weakness of the urinary organs, with its attendant troubles. My water needed constant attention, some days as many as twenty times, with severe pains in the bladder, as well as in the back and loins. At times I passed a limited quantity of urine, highly colored with unnatural heat and sediment; frequently evacuations would be very painful. I concluded that I must do something for it, fearing that more serious trouble would follow. I went to the druggist and was recommended to use Hunt's Remedy, as it had been used with wonderful success in several severe cases of dropsy and kidney and bladder affections here in Bangor. I concluded to try it, and before I had used one bottle found it was helping me beyond my expectations. My water became more natural, less color and sediment, the pains in back and that heavy feeling gone, with a general toning up of the system; and I continued to use it until I used six bottles, and it has completely cured me. Others of my family have used Hunt's Remedy with equally as good success, and we do not hesitate to recommend it far and near, believing it a duty as well as a pleasure to recommend so good a medicine as Hunt's Remedy. You are at liberty to give my testimony to the public. D. T. HODGDEN.
Ossington, Me., May 19, 1883.
I indorse the above statement.
A. M. ROBINSON, JR.,
Apothecary, Bangor, Me.

Remarkable Escape.
John Kuhn, of Lafayette, Ind., had a very narrow escape from death. This is his own story: "One year ago I was in the last stages of Consumption. Our best physicians gave my case up. I finally got so low that our doctor said I could not live twenty-four hours. My friends then purchased for me a bottle of Dr. Wm. Hall's Balsam for the Lungs. I am now in perfect health, having used no other medicine

Henry's Carbolic Salve.
The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all kinds of Skin Eruptions, etc. Get Henry's Carbolic Salve, as all others are but imitations. Price 25 cents.

ST. JACOBS OIL
TRADE MARK

THE GREAT
GERMAN REMEDY
FOR PAIN.
CURES
Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica,
Lumbago, Backache, Headache, Toothache,
Sore Throat, Swellings, Sprains, Bruises,
Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites,
AND ALL OTHER BODILY PAINS AND ACHES.
Sold by Druggists and Dealers everywhere. Fifty Cents a bottle.
Directions in 11 Languages.
THE CHARLES A. VOGELER CO.
(Successors to A. VOGELER & CO.) Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.

MUSTANG
Survival of the Fittest.
A FAMILY MEDICINE THAT HAS HEALED MILLIONS DURING 35 YEARS!
MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT.
A BALM FOR EVERY WOUND OF MAN AND BEAST!
THE OLDEST & BEST LINIMENT
EVER MADE IN AMERICA.
SALES LARGER THAN EVER.
The Mexican Mustang Liniment has been known for more than thirty-five years as the best of all Liniments, for Man and Beast. Its sales to-day are larger than ever. It cures when all others fail, and penetrates skin, tendon and muscle, to the very bone. Sold everywhere.

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED

STOMACH BITTERS
in chronic dyspepsia and liver complaint, and in chronic constipation and other obstinate diseases Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is beyond all comparison the best remedy that can be taken. As a means of restoring the strength and vital energy of persons who are seeking under the debilitating effects of painful disorders, this standard vegetable invigorant is confessedly unequalled. For sale by all Druggists and Dealers generally.

AGENTS WANTED EVERYWHERE to sell the best Family Knitting Machine ever invented. Will knit a pair of stockings with HEEL and TOE complete in 20 minutes. It will also knit a great variety of fancy work, for which there is always a ready market. Send for circular and terms to the Twombly Knitting Machine Co., 161 Tremont Street, Boston, Mass.

CATALOGUE OF BEST BOOKS FOR AGENTS sent free, including Mother, Home and Heaven, $2.75. Pleases everybody. 198,000 sold. $150 monthly. E. B. TREAT, Publisher, New York.

FREE. By return mail. Full Description of Moody's New Tailor System of Dress Cutting. MOODY & CO., Cincinnati, O.

FORTUNE TELLER.—Every lady and gentleman their own. 25c. Dream Book of Fate. 25c. Mailed for price. B. F. Roby, 910 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

AGENTS WANTED for the Best and Fastest-selling Pictorial Books and Bibles. Prices reduced 33 per cent. NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO., Phila. Pa.

80 SHEETS fine writing paper, in blotter, with calendar, by mail for 25c. Agents Wanted. ECONOMY PRINTING CO., Newburyport, Mass.

PAINLESS CHILDBIRTH. Full particulars free. Address J. H. D., Box 104, Buffalo, N. Y.

OPIUM and WHISKY HABITS cured at home without pain. Book of particulars sent free. B. M. WOOLLEY, M. D., Atlanta Ga.

$5 to $20 per day at home. Samples worth $5 free Address STINSON & Co., Portland, Me.

A Sure Cure for Epilepsy or Fits in 24 hours. Free to poor. Dr. Kruse, 244 Arsenal St., St. Louis, Mo.

$66 a week in your own town. Terms and $5 outfit free Address H. Hallett & Co., Portland, Maine.

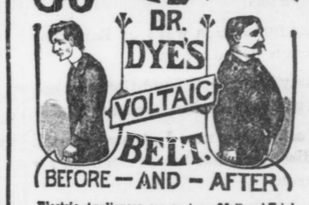
Rubber Stamps. Your name, 20c., cards, etc. Agents list Free. THALMAN MF'G. CO., Baltimore, Md.

PHŒNIX PECTORAL will cure your cough. Price 25c.

A NOTED BUT UNTITLED WOMAN.
[From the Boston Globe.]

Messrs. Editors:—
The above is a good likeness of Mrs. Lydia E. Pinkham, of Lynn, Mass., who above all other human beings may be truthfully called the "Dear Friend of Woman," as some of her correspondents love to call her. She is zealously devoted to her work, which is the outcome of a life-study, and is obliged to keep six lady assistants, to help her answer the large correspondence which daily pours in upon her, each bearing its special burden of suffering, or joy at release from it. Her Vegetable Compound is a medicine for good and not evil purposes. I have personally investigated it and am satisfied of the truth of this.
On account of its proven merits, it is recommended and prescribed by the best physicians in the country. One says: "It works like a charm and saves much pain. It will cure entirely the worst form of falling of the uterus, Leucorrhœa, Irregular and painful Menstruation, all Ovarian Troubles, Inflammation and Ulceration, Floodings, all Displacements and the consequent spinal weakness, and is especially adapted to the Change of Life."
It permeates every portion of the system, and gives new life and vigor. It removes faintness, flatulency, destroys all craving for stimulants, and relieves weakness of the stomach. It cures Bloating, Headaches, Nervous Prostration, General Debility, Sleeplessness, Depression and Indigestion. That feeling of bearing down, causing pain, weight and backache, is always permanently cured by its use. It will at all times, and under all circumstances, act in harmony with the law that governs the female system.
It costs only $1. per bottle or six for $5., and is sold by druggists. Any advice required as to special cases, and the names of many who have been restored to perfect health by the use of the Vegetable Compound, can be obtained by addressing Mrs. P., with stamp for reply, at her home in Lynn, Mass.
For Kidney Complaint of *either* sex this compound is unsurpassed as abundant testimonials show.
"Mrs. Pinkham's Liver Pills," says one writer, "are *the best in the world* for the cure of Constipation, Biliousness and Torpidity of the liver. Her Blood Purifier works wonders in its special line and bids fair to equal the Compound in its popularity.
All must respect her as an Angel of Mercy whose sole ambition is to do good to others.
Philadelphia, Pa. (2) Mrs. A. M. D.

BNU 43

30 DAYS' TRIAL
DR. DYE'S VOLTAIC BELT.

BEFORE—AND—AFTER
Electric Appliances are sent on 30 Days' Trial,
TO MEN ONLY, YOUNG OR OLD,
WHO are suffering from NERVOUS DEBILITY, LOST VITALITY, LACK OF NERVE FORCE AND VIGOR, WASTING WEAKNESSES, and all kindred diseases. Speedy relief and complete restoration of HEALTH, VIGOR and MANHOOD GUARANTEED. The grandest discovery of the Nineteenth Century. Send at once for Illustrated Pamphlet free. Address
VOLTAIC BELT CO., MARSHALL, MICH.

Mason & Hamlin Organs.
New Illustrated Catalogue, (40 pp. 4to) for season of 1883-4, including many new styles; best assortment of the best and most attractive organs we have ever offered, and at lowest prices, $22 to $600, for cash, easy payments or rented. Sent free.
MASON & HAMLIN ORGAN AND PIANO CO.
Boston, 154 Tremont St.; New York, 46 East 14th St.; Chicago, 149 Wabash Ave.

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